

THE IOLA REGISTER.
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CHAS. F. SCOTT.

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MR. CRADDOCK AND HIS RECORD

Mr. Craddock, the Democratic candidate for governor, has started in to make himself the paramount issue in the coming campaign. He claims that he should be elected governor because he will reduce taxation. He has written letters and printed pamphlets setting forth the theory that the people should vote for him and save money. Unfortunately for Mr. Craddock, he has a record. A little over a year ago he was elected mayor of Kansas City, Kansas, by just such talk and promises as he is making now to the people of the state at large. He has been mayor for over a year. In these letters and circulars, Mr. Craddock attempts to show that he has been a good mayor, and therefore, ought to be governor, but the records in the city clerk's office at Kansas City, Kansas, very strikingly contradict these claims.

Mr. Craddock's administration has not only increased the assessed valuation of property in Kansas City, Kansas, but has actually increased the tax levy for the operating expenses of the city. He has tried to fool the people by neglecting to levy for sinking-fund and for judgment fund thereby leaving uncared for a large indebtedness of that city which bears a high rate of interest. Any citizen who has had to do even with school-district affairs knows that the allure to make levy to provide for a debt does not pay the debt. The revenue raised in Kansas City, Kansas, under the first year of Mayor Craddock's administration was over \$15,000 greater than for the year preceding. Mr. Craddock spent not only this, but increased the floating indebtedness of the city \$22,354.98. Most of this increased expense was made in the police department, which cost about \$9,000 more under him than the year preceding. He enlarged the police force to make places for Democratic hangers-on, and, in this connection, it should be added that when he increased the police force he increased the number of licensed joints, one of the latter being located within one block and a half of the high-school building, and this in the face of the earnest protests of the people.

Mr. Craddock's methods of dealing with the corporations of Kansas City, Kansas, is an illustration of his statesmanship. He had promised the people that he would see that their assessment was raised. He did this, but first made an agreement with them that the levy should be reduced so that they would have no more taxes to pay than they had before. He then refused to make any levy to meet judgments and for the sinking-fund, and thus kept his agreement with the corporations, and, at the same time, thought he had fooled the people.

It is noticeable that one of Mr. Craddock's first acts, after becoming mayor of Kansas City, Kansas, was to have his own salary as mayor increased from \$1,000 to \$2,000 per year. As mayor, he has increased expenses, increased joints, increased the police force, increased the city debt, and decreased nothing, except the estimation in which his promises are held by the people, upon which his election was based.

Letter From Cash Edson.

One of the REGISTER force is in receipt of a letter from Cash Edson, for years a well-known citizen of this town and now a resident and business man of Neodesha. His letter is so breezy and characteristic that it is impossible to refrain from printing parts of it.

"Here I am in Neodesha, the driest town on earth since the 4th of July. On that day the sheriff of Wilson county, not having the fear of Helm's brewery or the voters of Neodesha in his heart, proceeded to confiscate, arrest and take away all the booze, slot machines, empties, fixtures and persons who were engaged in maintaining the same (all that didn't get away) and commit the same to the bastille of the aforesaid county. Thus are the rights of the dear people trampled upon and especially on that day on which our forefathers guaranteed us independence and laws for the good of the greatest number. There are those here who think the greatest good of the greatest number in this town would be an unlimited stream of beer at a ratio of sixteen glasses to one man.

"I have some business property here and the crop of hay will be good, as I cut to the middle of the street.

"I am engaged in running a bakery, not for the purpose of accumulating the coin of the realm, but because it gives me an opportunity to make the dough. The Hon. William Speckboele, late head baker for the Emperor of Germany, is the man who looks after the rise and fall of the bread."

The Democratic Primaries.

The Democrats of Allen County will hold their county convention at Humboldt next Saturday to nominate candidates for the county offices and Monday night primaries were held in Iola to select delegates to this convention. Those selected from the First ward are: Geo. Priestly, Thos. Means, J. H. Potts, Wm. Readicker, Solon Levy, and Geo. C. Furgerson; Second ward, W. H. Thompson, J. S. Walker, Jim McClarin, Mr. Tibbets and E. J. Schwartz; Third ward, J. S. Barton, J. D. Arnett, J. B. Goshorn, Gus Krannich, Frank Irwin, C. E. Birdsall and H. Doolan; Fourth ward, S. Heller, J. K. Perry, W. L. Bartels, Wm. Sullivan, James Corbin, Geo. Calder and A. B. Comstock.

Appraisers are Appointed

In another column of the REGISTER is printed the legal notice of the meeting next Tuesday of the appraisers who will condemn the land for Iola's sewer system. At the last council meeting J. C. Woodin, Geo. H. Wadsworth and M. P. Jacoby were appointed as appraisers and they will go over the land and decide what damage will accrue to the property owners. The course to be followed and the limits of the tract will be found in the notice.

This notice is of more than ordinary importance. It is the legal publication which marks the actual commencement of a work which Iola people have needed for some time. It means that within a reasonably short time Iola will have a sewer system of the latest and most approved kind, one that will be a credit to the city.

Want to Carry the Mail?

Ira Kelley struck on his uncle Monday and will not work any more. He has been carrying the mails to and from the trains for six years or more and today he gets just as much for the work as he did six years ago. Incidentally, there is as much mail in one day now, nearly, as there was in a week then. So he considered \$150 too little money.

Bids will be asked for by the post-office here which will be sent to the Department. All bids will be sent in and anybody over sixteen years of age is entitled to bid. The contract will not be for any definite period, but if everything is satisfactory it will continue forever. The bidder must agree to take mails from the post-office and bring mails to the office. A small bond is required.

Horticultural Meeting and Picnic.

The August meeting of the Horticultural society will be held on Friday August 8th at the band stand in public square in Iola, dinner at 12 and business meeting at 2 o'clock. We expect Professor of Horticulture from the Agricultural college and other interesting attractions. Everybody invited to bring their dinner and picnic with us.

B. F. PANCOAST, Secretary.

A World Wide Reputation.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy has a world wide reputation for its cures. It never fails and is pleasant and safe to take. For sale by W. L. Crabb & Co., Campbell & Burrell.

A RECEIVER APPOINTED

J. S. Detwiler Has Been Appointed
Temporary Receiver of the Fuller
Furniture Stock

J. S. Detwiler who represents one manufacturing firm which holds a claim against J. W. Fuller, the Washington avenue furniture dealer, was last Tuesday appointed temporary receiver of the remnants of the stock, pending an action to have Mr. Fuller declared a bankrupt. The appointment was made by C. E. Corey at Ft. Scott.

The REGISTER elsewhere tells of the extraordinary sale held at the Fuller store. During its progress perhaps over one-half of the stock was disposed of. Mr. Detwiler representing a creditor, stood by, helpless to stop the sale. He states that he holds a chattel mortgage on one consignment of goods in the store and if any of these goods were disposed of he can recover them. Mr. Fuller states that he did not sell any of the goods covered by the mortgage. Having possession of the stock he had a legal right to sell it and if he saw fit to sell it at a bargain, that was his business. The proceeds of the sale went to Mr. Fuller and will remain his unless somebody else can lawfully prove a better right to the money.

Mr. Detwiler preferred to take the receivership course rather than to prosecute on his chattel mortgage, so he went to Ft. Scott next night, saw the referee in bankruptcy had himself appointed temporary receiver and will bring bankruptcy proceedings against Fuller.

Death of Pitcher Freeland.

Iola ball fans look back with the regard an old man has for the days of his childhood to the days of the ball team of three years ago. At that time one of Iola's pitchers was L. C. Freeland, so this dispatch in Monday's papers will be of interest here:

"New Orleans, La., July 27.—Luther C. Freeland, one of the strongest pitchers of the New Orleans Southern league club, died this morning in the New Orleans sanitarium. He had been sick only a week. He pitched and won his last game in Birmingham Friday one week ago. When the team came home last Sunday he was not feeling well. Monday he had a high fever and Manager Powell sent him to the sanitarium. Tuesday he became delirious, and since that time he has been out of his head. In his delirium he fancied he was playing ball, and indulged in endless arguments with imaginary umpires about balls and strikes. Friday he sprang from his bed clad only in his night shirt, and brushing his nurse aside, ran into the street. The thoroughfare was crowded and his chase and subsequent capture caused much excitement.

"Freeland was a native of Kansas. He was a magnificent specimen of manhood, standing 6 feet high and weighing about 180 pounds. He had won almost all of his games this season. His people in Oklahoma Territory and Kansas City have been notified of his death, but up to tonight nothing has been heard from them. This afternoon, in respect to his memory, his fellow-players on the New Orleans team wore knots of crepe on their left arms while they were defeating Nashville. But little is known of Freeland's life before he joined the New Orleans team in July 1900, except that he was a soldier in the Spanish war."

Funeral of A. L. Corbett.

The funeral of Mr. A. L. Corbett, the young man who was accidentally killed at No. 1 Works of the Lanyon Zinc Company Monday morning was held Tuesday at Culbertson's undertaking parlors Rev. D. B. Shuey of the Reformed church officiating. The funeral was very largely attended especially by men as the men who work at the smelter who could possibly be let off were notified that morning that they could attend the funeral and report back to the works immediately after. Nearly four hundred men attended marching in line from the undertaking parlors to the Santa Fe over which the body was shipped to Wilmington, Ill., for interment. It was a handsome tribute to one who was a friend of them all.

Mrs. Corbett and Mrs. Kling, a neighbor lady, accompanied the remains.

A Cure for Cholera Infantum

"Last May," says Mrs. Curtis Baker, of Bookwalter, Ohio, "an infant child of our neighbor's was suffering from cholera infantum. The doctor had given up all hopes of recovery. I took a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy to the house, telling them I felt sure it would do good if used according to directions. In two days' time the child had fully recovered, and is now (nearly a year since) a vigorous, healthy girl. I have recommended this Remedy frequently and have never known it to fail in any single instance." For sale by W. L. Crabb & Co., Campbell & Burrell.

(Published July 26, 1902.)

Ordinance No. 472

An ordinance providing for a system of sewerage drainage for the city of Iola, Kansas, and for the building and construction of sewers, drains, disposal plant and appurtenances and establishing Sewer District No. 1 in said city.

Be it ordained by the Mayor and Councilmen of the city of Iola, Allen county, Kansas:

Section 1. That a system of sewerage consisting of drains, disposal plant, mains, laterals and appurtenances be built and constructed for the city of Iola, Kansas, according to the plans, specifications and maps prepared therefor by W. H. Tarrant, Civil Engineer, that said system begin at a point upon Elm Creek in Allen county, Kansas, not more than 5 miles from the corporate limits of said city, and proceed from said point to the limits of said city at such a point as the city Council and Mayor may determine and said plans, specifications and maps may show, and proceed thence into and along the streets, avenues, alleys and over and across other public or private places in said city as shall be determined as above, said system shall comprise the sewer hereinafter described outside of said city, also the sewer in District No. 1.

Section 2. That all the work done in the building and constructing of said system of sewerage, shall be in accordance with the plans and specifications adopted herein, subject to whatever changes therein the Mayor and Council may make. The said plans, specifications and maps for said sewerage system and for all work to be done under this ordinance, shall be filed in the office of the City Engineer. The City Clerk shall advertise for thirty days in the official paper of said city and in such other paper or papers as the Mayor and Council shall select for sealed proposals for furnishing the material and doing the work in the building and constructing of said sewerage system, let for that part of same outside of the city limits; 2nd, for that part within the city limits in what is hereinafter designated as Sewer District No. 1. That the city limits for the purposes of this ordinance be defined to be the intersection of the center line of State street with the center line of Vine street. That when proposals shall have been received by the city clerk, he shall present same to the city council at its next meeting, and the Mayor and Council may then or thereafter contract for the said material and work with the best and lowest bidder or may reject any or all of said bids, and may readvertise as above provided until satisfactory bids shall be received and accepted, when such contract for said material and work shall be made. That the city engineer shall make an estimate of the cost of building and constructing said sewerage system, let for that part of same outside of the city limits; 2nd, for that part within the city limits in what is hereinafter designated as Sewer District No. 1; and submit the same to the council before any contract shall be made for said work or any part thereof.

Section 3. That all costs and expenses occasioned by the purchase or condemnation of the right-of-way and site for the construction of said sewerage system beyond the corporate limits of said city, and for the building and construction of same outside of said limits shall be paid out of the general fund. That for the cost of such improvements as are made payable out of the general improvement fund of the city, the mayor and council may issue bonds of the same tenor and effect and under the same restrictions as those hereinafter mentioned; and such bonds and the interest thereon shall be paid by the levy of a general tax on all the property in the city.

Section 4. That all of said sewerage system within the limits of said city and within the following boundaries shall be and constitute Sewer District No. 1 of said city and the sewers therein shall connect with the sewer herein provided for outside of the limits of said city. Said district shall be bounded as follows: Beginning at the point where the south line of Irvin street intersects the center line of State street, thence north along the center line of State street to the south line of Bruner street; thence west along the south line of Bruner street to where it intersects the east line of the right-of-way of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe railway; thence north along said east line of said right-of-way to the north line of Jackson avenue; thence east to said line of said right-of-way; thence east to the west line of State street; thence north to a point west of and opposite the north line of Lot 12, Block 41 (original plat of said city); thence east along the north line of the lots next north of the alley next north of Jackson avenue to the west line of Cottonwood street; thence east along the north line of the alley south of Blocks N and M of Boughton's survey to the east line of Oak street; thence south to the north line of Jackson avenue; thence east to the east line of Elm street; thence south to the south line of East street; thence west to the point opposite the east line of Oak street where it comes in from the south; thence south to the south line of Lot 6 Block 10, (Rhodes' Addition); thence west along the south line of the lots next south of the alley next south of Madison avenue to the west line of Sycamore street; thence south to the north line of Broadway; thence west to the east line of Jefferson avenue; thence north to the south line of Lot 7 Block 83 (original plat of said city); thence west along the south line of the lots next south of the alley next south of Madison Avenue to west line of Washington avenue; thence south to the north line of Broadway; thence west to the east line of Jefferson street; thence south to the south line of Lot 7 Block 83 (original plat of said city); thence north to the south line of Lot 7 in Block 86; thence west along the south line of the lots next south of the alley next south of Madison avenue to the east line of State street; thence south to the south line of Irvin street; thence west to center of State street, the point of beginning.

Section 5. That the Mayor and Council shall provide for the payment of the cost of said sewerage system in District No. 1 by installments by issuing improvement bonds of said District No. 1 of the city, payable in in-

stalments of equal amounts each year, none of which bonds nor any of the installments thereof shall run longer than 10 years, nor bear interest exceeding 7 per cent. per annum. The credit of the city of Iola, Kansas, is pledged for the payment thereof, such bonds may be issued to the contractor constructing said improvements in payment thereof, or the mayor and council may sell the same at not less than their par value, and pay the proceeds thereof to the contractor. Such bonds shall not be issued in amount in excess of the contract-price of the work or improvement, except that the installment coupons shall include the interest on all such installments to the maturity thereof. The bonds shall be of such denomination as the mayor and council shall deem proper.

Section 6. That the mayor and council shall levy special assessments each year sufficient to redeem the installment of such bonds next thereafter maturing, but in computing the amount of special assessment to be levied against each piece of property liable therefor, interest thereon shall be added at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the date of the issuance of said bonds until the maturity of the installment of bonds next thereafter maturing. Such assessments shall be made upon the property chargeable for the cost of such improvements respectively, and shall be levied and collected in the same manner as may be provided by law for the levy and collection of special assessments for such improvements where no bonds are issued, except as otherwise provided by law; but the assessed valuation liable for such cost which is established for the first year's assessment shall be retained for the assessments for the succeeding installments of said bonds.

Section 7. That the owner of any piece of property liable to any such special assessment may redeem his property from such liability by paying the entire amount chargeable against his property, upon the city clerk mailing to him a written or printed notice thirty days before the issuance of the bonds, or after the issuance of the bonds by paying all of the installments of the assessments which have been levied, and also the amount of unlevied installments, with interest on the latter at the rate of eight per cent per annum from the date of the issuance of the bonds to the time of the maturity of the last installment. In all cases where installments of assessments not yet levied and paid as above provided, whether before or after the issuance of bonds, the same shall be paid to the city treasurer, who shall receipt therefor; and all sums so paid shall be applied solely to the payment of such improvements, or the redemption of the bonds issued therefor. Where any piece of property has been redeemed from liability for the cost of any improvement as herein provided, such property shall not thereafter be liable to further special assessment for the cost of such improvement. The fund raised by such assessment shall be applied toward the redemption of said bonds, and toward reimbursing the city when said bonds or any part thereof are redeemed from general taxes.

Section 8. That this ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its publication once in the Iola DAILY REGISTER, the official paper of said city.

Adopted July 24th, 1902.
Approved July 24th, 1902.

A. H. CAMPBELL,
Mayor.
W. M. KNAAPP,
City Clerk.

A YOUNG LADY'S LIFE SAVED

At Panama, Colombia, by Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy.

Dr. Chas. H. Uter, prominent physician, of Panama, Colombia, in a recent letter states: "Last March I had as a patient a young lady sixteen years of age, who had a bad attack of dysentery. Everything I prescribed for her proved ineffectual and she was growing worse every hour. Her parents were sure she would die. She had become so weak that she could not turn over in bed. What to do at this critical moment was a study for me, but I thought of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and as a last resort prescribed it. The most wonderful result was effected. Within eight hours she was feeling much better; inside of three days she was upon her feet and at the end of one week was entirely well." For sale by W. L. Crabb & Co., and Campbell & Burrell.

The annual rumor of the purchase of a controlling interest in the Santa Fe is out. This time it is guessed that the Pennsylvania line has acquired the Santa Fe, thus securing a line from New York to San Francisco without a change of cars. It would be a great road, but Kansas would rather the Santa Fe would buy the Pennsylvania.

Went to Visit His Sister.

A. J. Cottingham went to Washington County, Ark., to see his sister and while there was taken with flux (dysentery) and was very bad off. He decided to try Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy and was so much pleased with the prompt cure which it effected, that he wrote the manufacturers a letter in praise of their medicine. Mr. Cottingham resides in Lookland, Ark. The remedy is for sale by W. L. Crabb & Co., Campbell & Burrell.

Cured Paralysis.

W. S. Baily, P. O. True, Texas, writes: "My wife had been suffering five years with paralysis in her arm, when I was persuaded to use Ballard's Snow Liniment, which cured her all right. I have also used it for old sores, frost bites, and skin eruptions. It does the work." 25c, 50c and \$1.00 at C. B. Spencer & Co.'s.

BREVITIES OF FUN.

"Are you broke?" asked one brakeman of another. "No, but I'm braking," was the reply."—Atchison Globe.

Professor—"What can you tell me about the pre-glacial man?" Student—"He was one degree colder than the Boston girl."—Somerville Journal.

"This is one of the spiciest books I ever read," remarked the hardware drummer, as he turned over another leaf. "So?" queried the hotel clerk. "What's the name of the author?"—The Scroll.

Charlie (after acceptance)—"Shall I speak to your father now?" Gladys—"Mercy, no! Not to him!" Charlie—"Your mother, then?" Gladys—"No, no! You must ask the cook if she would object to one more in the family."—Town Topics.

Barnes—"It is unlawful for a physician in France to inherit property left to him by a deceased patient." Howes—"Consequently the physician is justified in getting all he can out of a patient in fees while he is alive."—Boston Transcript.

The Poet and the Critic.—"Poets are born, not made," asserted the poet. "I'm glad to hear you admit that," returned the critic. "I had always supposed from your manner that you thought you came into the world in some superior and more original way."—Chicago Post.

"Do you mean to tell me, Miss Quickstep," demanded the young man, pale with wrath and mortification, "that you're tired of my coming to see you?" "No, Mr. Spoon-amore," she said, gently. "Not at all. I am hoping you'll find it out without my having to tell you."—Chicago Tribune.

GRAY BECOMES BLACK.

Experiments With Color of Military Uniforms at Varying Distances.

The uniform board, which is preparing for a general scheme of revision of the uniforms of the various branches of the United States military service, is conducting an interesting set of practical experiments to determine the best color to be adopted for the clothing of the army in the field. The attention of the board was drawn to the fact that the British army had abandoned the familiar khaki color in favor of a neutral gray tint, retaining the texture of the khaki, and a number of samples of the cloth have been secured for test. These have been contrasted with no less than four different hues of khaki manufactured in the United States, and eight men, each dressed in different hue, and placed side-by-side on the green sward of the mall at the foot of Seventeenth street have been for several days passing under the inspection of officers detailed by the board.

The officers who are supplied with field glasses, says the Washington Star, began their inspection at the corner of Seventeenth and I streets, a measured distance of 1,100 yards from the variegated squad of privates at the foot of the street on the mall, and at each 100 yards careful observations are taken to ascertain which of the uniforms is the least visible, and consequently the safest against sharpshooters. Up to the present it has been demonstrated that the khaki, in almost any shade, is vastly superior in point of invisibility to the neutral gray of the British army. This latter color was evolved as a result of the Boer war, and it is possible that the color conditions of the landscape in South Africa may be greatly different from the bright green sward of the mall, where these experiments are going on, but it is quite certain that at a distance the neutral gray deepens in color to almost a pronounced black.

Rats as Swimmers.

In Germany a close study is being made of the manner in which various animals swim, and pictures have been made to show how the water rat swims both when he is at his ease and when an enemy is pursuing him. While he is looking for prey, and seems no danger, this wily little animal goes through the water leisurely, but the moment he sees or hears an enemy, he changes his attitude and darts away, breasting the water at a great rate. Moreover, it is a singular fact that not only water rats, but all other rats and mice which live near the water, are splendid swimmers, and, thanks to their skill, are frequently enabled to escape from their enemies.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

Regulated by the State.

The price of medicine in Prussia is regulated by the state, a new price list being published every year.